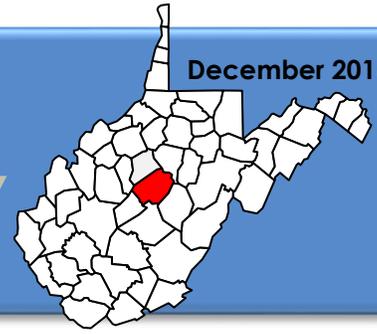


BRAXTON COUNTY

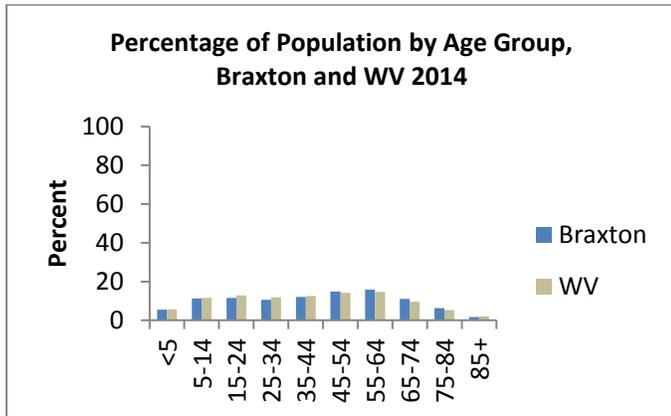


Behavioral Health Epidemiological County Profile

Demographic Data

		Braxton	WV
Population		14,492	1,853,881
Race	White	98.0%	93.6%
	Black	0.7%	3.2%
	Other	1.3%	3.2%
Median age		44	41.6
Labor force*		49.8%	54.3%
Median household income*		31,984	41,576
Income below poverty level*		15.9%	13.1%
High school graduate or higher*		79.5%	84.4%
Civilian veterans*		11.1%	10.6%

Source: US Census Bureau, 2014 population estimates, *American Community Survey (2010-2014)



Population by Age Group 2015				
Age	Braxton		WV	
	#	%	#	%
<5	787	5.4%	103,044	5.6%
5-14	1,622	11.2%	214,204	11.6%
15-24	1,662	11.5%	238,019	12.8%
25-34	1,523	10.5%	219,567	11.8%
35-44	1,746	12.0%	233,375	12.6%
45-54	2,150	14.8%	263,350	14.2%
55-64	2,286	15.8%	270,697	14.6%
65-74	1,591	11.0%	175,725	9.5%
75-84	892	6.2%	98,022	5.3%
85+	233	1.6%	37,878	2.0%

Source: US Census Bureau, 2014 population estimates

Adult Behavioral Health Risk Factors: 2010-2014

Indicator	Braxton	WV	Rank in WV*
Fair/Poor Health	29.9%	25.0%	14
No Health Insurance (ages 18-64)	26.4%	21.5%	12
No Leisure Time Physical Activity	36.2%	31.8%	18
Obesity	28.4%	34.0%	52
Diabetes	15.1%	12.8%	15
Cardiovascular Disease	14.6%	13.3%	17
Current Asthma	10.6%	9.3%	21
Disability	28.1%	29.0%	32
Arthritis	38.4%	36.9%	27
Cancer	13.1%	12.3%	16
Depression	19.5%	21.6%	37

Source: WV Health Statistics Center, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System

*There are 55 counties in West Virginia; 1st highest rate and 55th lowest rate.

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Alcohol Consumption

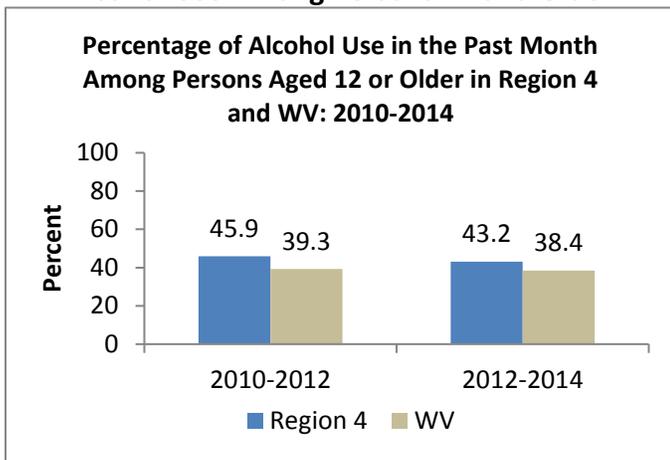
Alcohol Use Among Adults: 2010-2014

Indicator	Braxton	WV	Rank in WV*
Binge Drinking	9.3%	10.0%	23

Source: WV Health Statistics Center, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System

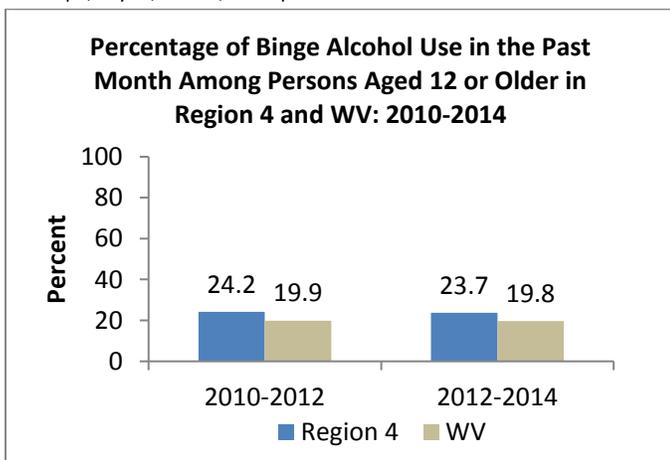
*There are 55 counties in West Virginia; 1st highest rate and 55th lowest rate.

Alcohol Use Among Persons 12 and Older



Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH), 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, and 2014 (2010 Data - Revised March 2012)

Note: Region 4 is made up of the following counties: Barbour, Braxton, Doddridge, Braxton, Harrison, Lewis, Marion, Monongalia, Preston, Randolph, Taylor, Tucker, and Upshur.



Source: NSDUH, 2010-2014 (2010 Data - Revised March 2012)

Note: Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days. See previous definition of Region 4.

Underage Drinking (Those Aged 12-20)

Alcohol Use in the Past Month Among Persons Aged 12 to 20 in Region 4 and WV: 2010-2014

	2010-2012	2012-2014
Region 4	37.1%	31.0%
WV	26.2%	22.2%

Binge Alcohol Use in the Past Month Among Persons Aged 12 to 20 in Region 4 and WV: 2010-2014

	2010-2012	2012-2014
Region 4	31.0%	25.5%
WV	20.1%	17.3%

Source: NSDUH, 2010-2014 (2010 Data - Revised March 2012)

Note: See previous definition for binge drinking among persons 12 and older. See previous definition of Region 4.

Alcohol Risk & Protective Factors

Perceptions of Great Risk of Having Five or More Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Once or Twice a Week Among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Region 4 and WV: 2010-2014

	2010-2012	2012-2014
Region 4	40.9%	40.0%
WV	41.4%	41.6%

Alcohol Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year Among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Region 4 and WV: 2010-2014

	2010-2012	2012-2014
Region 4	7.5%	6.8%
WV	5.6%	6.2%

Alcohol Dependence in the Past Year Among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Region 4 and WV: 2010-2014

	2010-2012	2012-2014
Region 4	3.8%	3.6%
WV	3.0%	3.1%

Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Alcohol Use in the Past Year Among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Region 4 and WV: 2010-2014

	2010-2012	2012-2014
Region 4	7.3%	6.4%
WV	5.3%	5.9%

Source: NSDUH, 2010-2014 (2010 Data - Revised March 2012)

Note: Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV). Needing But Not Receiving Treatment refers to respondents classified as needing treatment for alcohol, but not receiving treatment for an alcohol problem at a specialty facility (i.e., drug and alcohol rehabilitation facilities [inpatient or outpatient], hospitals [inpatient only], and mental health centers). See previous definition of Region 4.

Alcohol Related Consequences

2013 Morbidity Rates per 10,000 Discharges

	Braxton	WV	Rank in WV*
Alcohol Related Diagnosis	53.5	332.2	38
Alcohol Dependence Diagnosis	NA	176.3	NA

Source: WV Health Care Authority

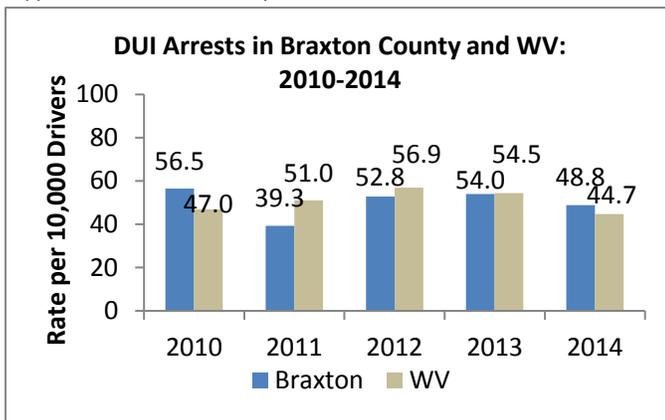
*There are 55 counties in West Virginia; 1st highest rate and 55th lowest rate. NA indicates rates are suppressed due to unreliability. NA indicates rates are suppressed due to unreliability.

2010-2014 Mortality Rates per 100,000 population

	Braxton	WV	Rank in WV*
Chronic Liver-Cirrhosis	NA	15.1	40

Source: WV Health Statistics Center, Vital Statistics System

*There are 55 counties in West Virginia; 1st highest rate and 55th lowest rate. Significance: † Indicates county was significantly higher than state. †† Indicates state was significantly higher than county. NA indicates rates are suppressed due to unreliability.



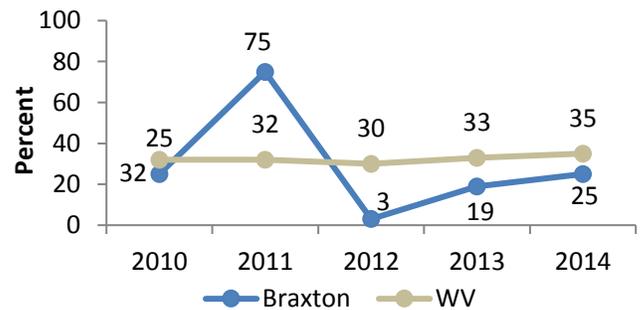
DUI Arrests in Braxton County and WV: 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Braxton					
Number of DUI arrests	56	39	52	53	48
DUI rate per 10,000 drivers	56.5	39.3	52.8	54.0	48.8
WV					
Number of DUI arrests	6,141	6,705	7,443	7,130	5,834
DUI rate per 10,000 drivers	47.0	51.0	56.9	54.5	44.7

Source: WV State Police UCR Section

Note: The DUI arrest data should be interpreted with caution due to the fact that not all law enforcement agencies have reported their DUI arrests (approximately 100 agencies are missing from this dataset).

Percentage of Total Killed in Crashes with Driver Blood Alcohol Concentration (BAC) of .01+ for Braxton County and WV: 2010-2014



Source: National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA), Fatality Analysis Reporting System (FARS)

Note: NHTSA estimates alcohol involvement when alcohol test results are unknown.

Tobacco Consumption

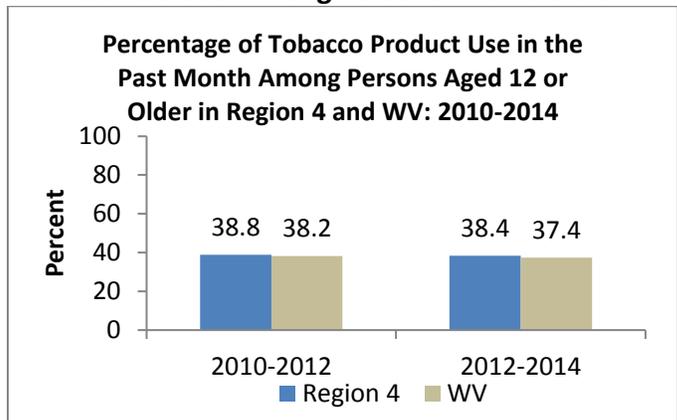
Tobacco Use Among Adults: 2010-2014

Indicator	Braxton	WV	Rank in WV*
Cigarette smoking	26.1%	27.5%	37

Source: WV Health Statistics Center, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System

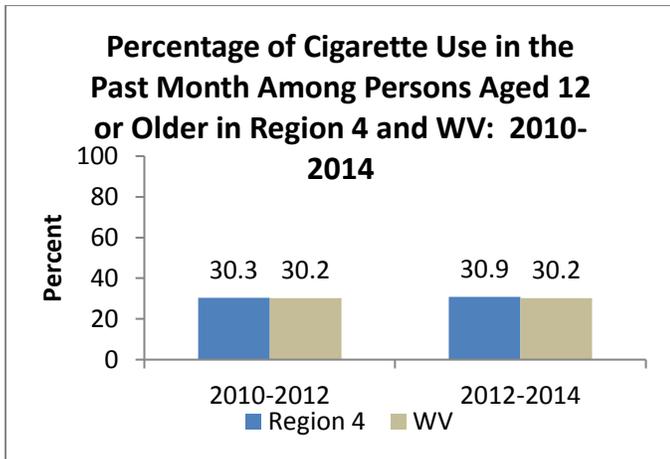
*There are 55 counties in West Virginia; 1st highest rate and 55th lowest rate.

Tobacco Use Among Persons 12 and Older



Source: NSDUH, 2010-2014 (2010 Data - Revised March 2012)

Note: Tobacco products include cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco. 2010-2012 & 2012-2014 data was revised March 2012. See previous definition of Region 4.



Source: NSDUH, 2010-2014 (2010 Data - Revised March 2012)
 Note: See previous definition of Region 4.

Tobacco Risk & Protective Factors

Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking One or More Packs of Cigarettes Per Day Among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Region 4 and WV: 2010-2014

	2010-2012	2012-2014
Region 4	68.0%	63.5%
WV	66.5%	63.6%

Source: NSDUH, 2010-2014 (2010 Data - Revised March 2012)
 Note: See previous definition of Region 4.

Tobacco Consequences

2010-2014 Mortality Rates per 100,000 population

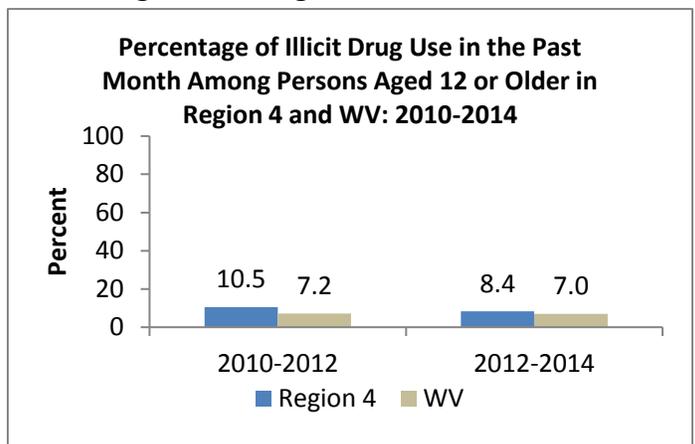
	Braxton	WV	Rank in WV*
Lung/Bronchus/Trachea Cancer	75.9	80.2	41
Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease	64.9	81.9	45
Cardiovascular Disease	360.3	343.4	30

Source: WV Health Statistics Center, Vital Statistics System
 *There are 55 counties in West Virginia; 1st highest rate and 55th lowest rate.

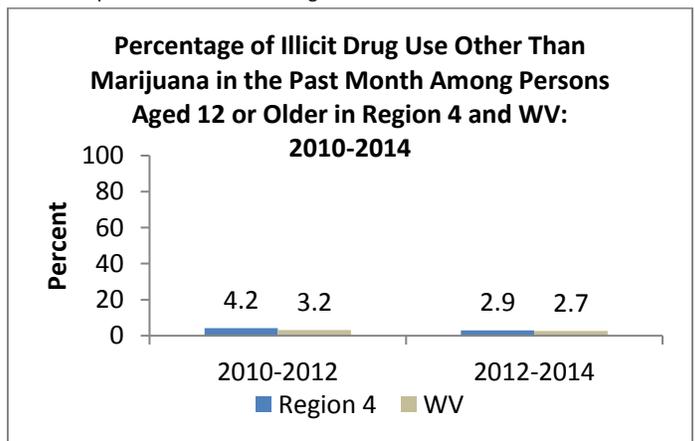


Drug Consumption

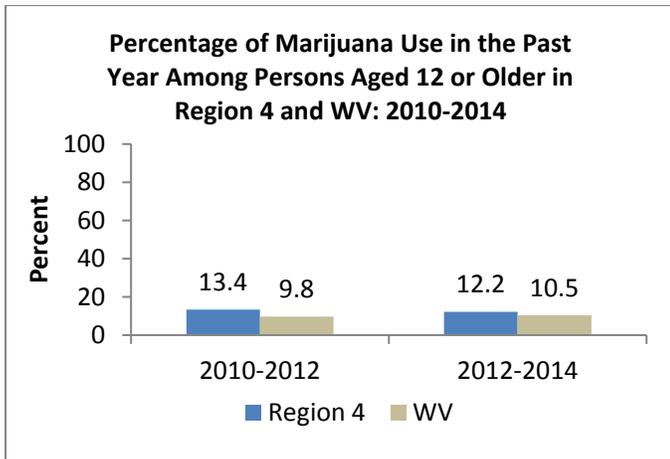
Drug Use Among Persons 12 and Older



Source: NSDUH, 2010-2014 (2010 Data - Revised March 2012)
 Note: Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically, including data from original methamphetamine questions but not including new methamphetamine items added in 2005 and 2006. See previous definition of Region 4.



Source: NSDUH, 2010-2014 (2010 Data - Revised March 2012)
 Note: Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana includes cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically, including data from original methamphetamine questions but not including new methamphetamine items added in 2005 and 2006. See previous definition of Region 4.



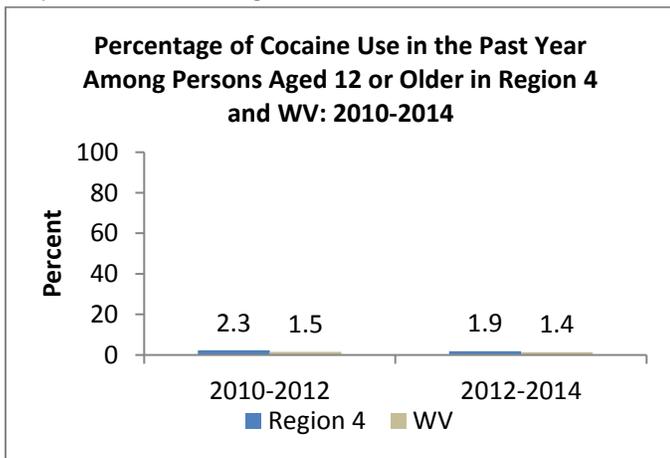
Source: NSDUH, 2010-2014 (2010 Data - Revised March 2012)
 Note: See previous definition of Region 4.

	2010-2012	2012-2014
Region 4	8.2%	7.2%
WV	5.6%	5.8%

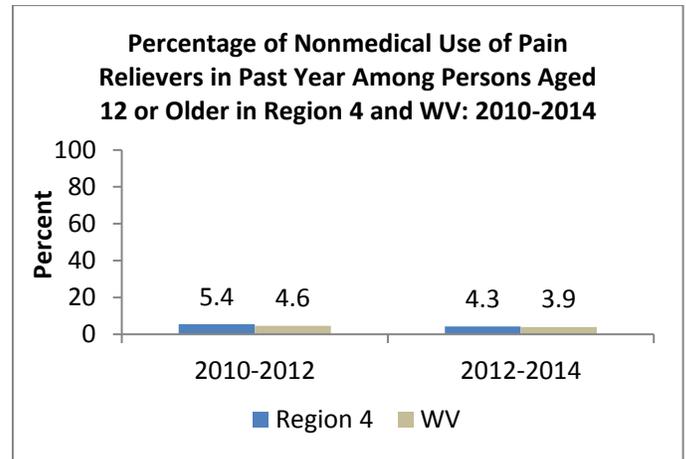
Source: NSDUH, 2010-2014 (2010 Data - Revised March 2012)
 Note: See previous definition of Region 4.

	2010-2012	2012-2014
Region 4	2.4%	1.8%
WV	1.6%	1.4%

Source: NSDUH, 2010-2014 (2010 Data - Revised March 2012)
 Note: Average annual marijuana initiation rate = $100 * \{ [X1 \div (0.5 * X1 + X2)] \div 2 \}$, where X1 is the number of marijuana initiates in the past 24 months and X2 is the number of persons who never used marijuana. Both of the computation components, X1 and X2, are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach. The age group is based on a respondent's age at the time of the interview, not his or her age at first use. See previous definition of Region 4.



Source: NSDUH, 2010-2014 (2010 Data - Revised March 2012)
 Note: See previous definition of Region 4.



Source: NSDUH, 2010-2014 (2010 Data - Revised March 2012)
 Note: See previous definition of Region 4.

Drug Risk & Protective Factors

	2010-2012	2012-2014
Region 4	34.2%	31.0%
WV	37.1%	33.5%

	2010-2012	2012-2014
Region 4	3.4%	2.9%
WV	2.8%	2.8%

	2010-2012	2012-2014
Region 4	2.6%	2.1%
WV	2.1%	2.0%

	2010-2012	2012-2014
Region 4	3.0%	2.6%
WV	2.5%	2.5%

Source: NSDUH, 2010-2014 (2010 Data - Revised March 2012)
 Note: Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically, including data from original methamphetamine questions but not including new methamphetamine items added in 2005 and 2006. Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV). Needing But Not Receiving Treatment refers to respondents classified as needing treatment for illicit drugs, but not receiving treatment for an illicit drug problem at a specialty facility (i.e., drug and alcohol rehabilitation facilities [inpatient or outpatient], hospitals [inpatient only], and mental health centers). See previous definition of Region 4.

Drug Consequences

2013 Morbidity Rates per 10,000 Discharges

	Braxton	WV	Rank in WV*
Drug Related Diagnosis	63.4	441.5	36

Source: WV Health Care Authority

*There are 55 counties in West Virginia; 1st highest rate and 55th lowest rate.

2010-2014 Mortality Rates per 100,000 population

	Braxton	WV	Rank in WV*
Drug Overdose	20.7	32.0	30

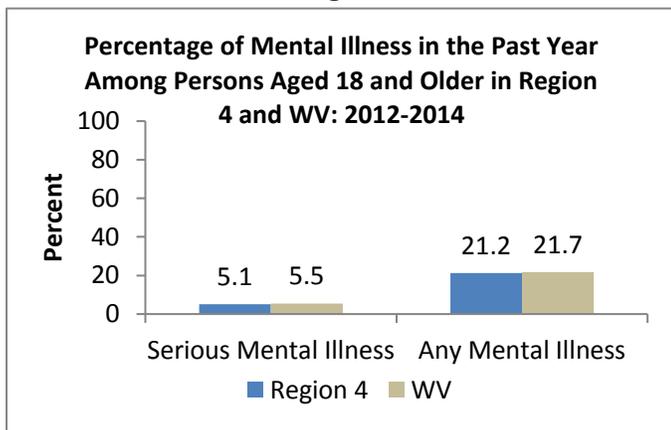
Source: WV Health Statistics Center, Vital Statistics System

*There are 55 counties in West Virginia; 1st highest rate and 55th lowest rate.



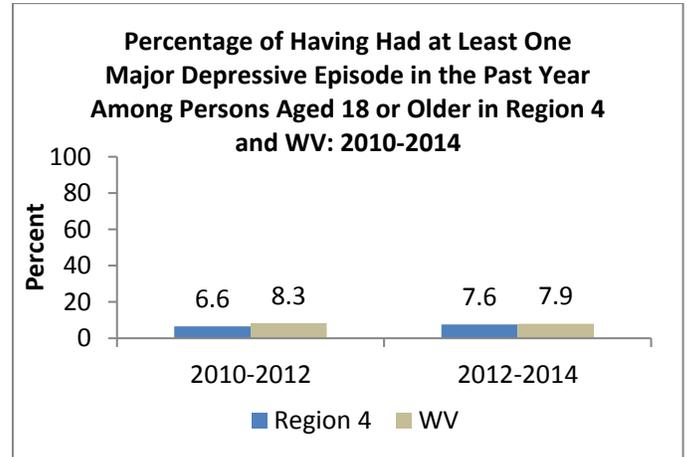
Mental Health

Mental Health Among Persons 18 and Older



Source: NSDUH, 2010-2014 (2010 Data - Revised March 2012)

Note: See previous definition of Region 4.



Source: NSDUH, 2010-2014 (2010 Data - Revised March 2012)

Note: See previous definition of Region 4.

Suicide

Had Serious Thoughts of Suicide in the Past Year Among Persons Aged 18 or Older in Region 4 and WV: 2010-2014

	2010-2012	2012-2014
Region 4	4.3%	4.2%
WV	4.6%	4.6%

Source: NSDUH, 2010-2014 (2010 Data - Revised March 2012)

Note: See previous definition of Region 4.

2010-2014 Mortality Rates per 100,000 population

	Braxton	WV	Rank in WV*
Suicide	17.9	17.4	24

Source: WV Health Statistics Center, Vital Statistics System

*There are 55 counties in West Virginia; 1st highest rate and 55th lowest rate.



Homelessness

Reported Point-In-Time Sheltered Subpopulations in 2015				
	Braxton*		WV	
	#	%	#	%
Chronically Homeless	0	0%	226	16.1%
Veterans	0	0%	227	16.2%
Mental Illness	0	0%	410	29.2%
Chronic Substance Abuse	0	0%	301	21.5%
Total Sheltered	0		1,403	
Reported Point-In-Time Unsheltered Subpopulations in 2015				
	Braxton		WV	
	#	%	#	%
Chronically Homeless	1	11.1%	160	37.0%
Veterans	0	0.0%	78	18.1%
Mental Illness	2	22.2%	198	45.8%
Chronic Substance Abuse	6	66.7%	154	35.6%
HIV/AIDS	0	0.0%	3	.70%
Domestic Violence	0	0.0%	66	15.3%
Total Unsheltered	9		432	

Source: West Virginia Coalition to End Homelessness, West Virginia Point in Time Count Statewide Report, January 2015

Note: The Point-in-Time Count is conducted during one night in the end of January for a count of all homeless persons. The unsheltered count of the homeless population is likely under reported and should be used with caution. Subpopulation data is not mutually exclusive. Comparing the total is not an accurate representation as one person may have all five characteristics, while some persons may only have one or fewer. *There were no shelter facilities in Braxton County during the Point-in-Time Count.

Domestic Violence

Individuals Served by the West Virginia Coalition Against Domestic Violence (WVCADV) by Shelter Status in Braxton County in 2012	
Shelter Status	Number
Sheltered	*
Non-sheltered	84

Domestic Violence Survivors Served by WVCADV by Behavioral Health Status in Braxton County in 2012

Behavioral Health Status	Number	Percent
Identified as having a mental disability	*	*
Referred to a mental health provider	12	14.4%

Domestic Violence Abusers Served by WVCADV by Behavioral Health Status in Braxton County in 2012

Behavioral Health Status	Number	Percent
Substance abuse identified as contributing to abuse	55	33.1%
Referred to a mental health provider	*	*

Source: WV Coalition Against Domestic Violence

Note: All indicators are self-reported from the survivor.

*Values based on 5 or fewer are suppressed to protect the confidentiality of the person.

For additional resources visit the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources, Bureau for Behavioral Health and Health Facilities (BBHFF) at:
www.wvdhhr.org/bhhf